Michelle Payne Planning: Place and Growth Cheltenham Borough Council PO Box 12, Municipal Offices Promenade Cheltenham GL50 1PP



By email only to: michelle.payne@cheltenham.gov.uk

1 February 2022

Dear Michelle,

APPLICATION NO: 21/02755/FUL

DESCRIPTION: Construction of a paragraph 80 dwelling, estate management building, and associated landscaping, ecology enhancements, access, parking and garaging on land adjacent to Brecon House **LOCATION:** Brecon House, Charlton Hill, Cheltenham

Thank you for consulting the Cotswolds Conservation Board ('the Board') on this proposed development, which would be located within the Cotswolds National Landscape.¹

In reaching its planning decision, the local planning authority (LPA) has a statutory duty to have regard to the purpose of conserving and enhancing the natural beauty of the National Landscape². The Board recommends that, in fulfilling this 'duty of regard', the LPA should: (i) ensure that planning decisions are consistent with relevant national and local planning policy and guidance; and (ii) take into account the following Board publications³:

- Cotswolds Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) Management Plan 2018-2023 (link);
- Cotswolds AONB Landscape Character Assessment (<u>link</u>) particularly, in this instance, with regards to Landscape Character Type (LCT) 2 Escarpment;
- Cotswolds AONB Landscape Strategy and Guidelines (<u>link</u>) particularly, in this instance, with regards to LCT 2 (<u>link</u>), including Section 2.2;
- Cotswolds AONB Local Distinctiveness and Landscape Change (<u>link</u>);
- Cotswolds Conservation Board Position Statements (<u>link</u>) particularly, in this instance, with regards to the Tranquillity Position Statement (<u>link</u>) and with regards to the Dark Skies and Artificial Light Position Statement (<u>link</u>) and its appendices (<u>link 1</u>, <u>link 2</u>, <u>link 3</u>)

Policy SD6 of the Cheltenham, Gloucester and Tewkesbury Joint Core Strategy (JCS) requires development to seek to protect landscape character for its own intrinsic beauty and for its benefit to economic, environmental, and social well-being. This reflects advice in the National Planning Policy Framework that requires policies and decisions to recognise the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside. Policy SD7 of the JCS follows and states that all development proposals within the setting of the Cotswolds National Landscape will be required to conserve and, where appropriate, enhance its landscape, scenic beauty, wildlife, cultural heritage, and other special qualities. Proposals will be required to be consistent with the policies set out in the Cotswolds AONB Management Plan.

Cotswolds Conservation Board

The Old Prison, Fosse Way, Northleach Gloucestershire GL54 3JH 01451 862000 info@cotswoldsaonb.org.uk The Cotswolds National Landscape is a designated Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB), managed and looked after by the Cotswolds Conservation Board.

cotswoldsaonb.org.uk

Chairman: Brendan McCarthy

Vice Chair: Rebecca Charley Whilst the applicant's Design & Access Statement and Lighting Assessment states that the proposed lighting will be kept to an absolute minimum so as to ensure no harmful impact to the unlit character of the local landscape, this lighting would introduce a 'lit element' into what would otherwise be a relatively dark night-time landscape.

The Cotswolds AONB Landscape Strategy & Guidelines for LCT 2 (Section 2.2) identifies 'the introduction of lit elements to characteristically dark landscapes' as a potential (adverse) implication for isolated development such as this. The guidelines seek to 'conserve areas of dark skies', with these dark skies being one of the 'special qualities' of the Cotswolds National Landscape. This is particularly important in an area with relatively low levels of light pollution such as this, as indicated in Appendix 1 of the Board's Tranquillity Position Statement, referred to above.

As such, the introduction of any lit elements should be designed to adhere to this guidance and, by extension, with the policies of the Cotswolds AONB Management Plan in particular Policy CE5 (Dark Skies).

Whilst the Board does not wish to raise an objection to the proposal, we would request that, without prejudice, if the local authority is minded to grant planning permission, planning conditions should be imposed which seek to mitigate any adverse impact and ensure that all lighting will be limited to low-level, down-facing lights

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you wish to discuss this response.

Yours sincerely,

Simon Joyce Planning Officer simon.joyce@cotswoldsaonb.org.uk | 07808 391227

NOTES:

- Cotswolds National Landscape is the new name for the Cotswolds Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB). The new name takes forward one of the proposals of the Government-commissioned 'Landscapes Review' to rename AONBs as 'National Landscapes'. This change reflects the national importance of AONBs and the fact that they are safeguarded, in the national interest, for nature, people, business and culture.
- 2) Section 85 of the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000. www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2000/37/section/85
- 3) The documents referred to in our response can be located on the Cotswolds National Landscape website under the following sections
 - a. Cotswolds Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) Management Plan 2018-2023 www.cotswoldsaonb.org.uk/management-plan
 - b. Cotswolds AONB Landscape Character Assessment www.cotswoldsaonb.org.uk/lca
 - c. Cotswolds AONB Landscape Strategy and Guidelines www.cotswoldsaonb.org.uk/lsg
 - d. Cotswolds AONB Local Distinctiveness and Landscape Change www.cotswoldsaonb.org.uk/ldlc
 - e. Cotswolds Conservation Board Position Statements www.cotswoldsaonb.org.uk/ps1 www.cotswoldsaonb.org.uk/ps2